

Key Articles Supporting Intranasal Take-home Naloxone programs

1. Expanding Access to Naloxone: Reducing Fatal Overdose, Saving Lives. Drug Policy Alliance. April 11, 2012. <http://www.drugpolicy.org/resource/expanding-access-naloxone-reducing-fatal-overdose-saving-lives>.
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3. Naloxone Access: A Practical Guideline for Pharmacists. College of Psychiatric and Neurologic Pharmacists, Feb 20, 2015. <http://cpnp.org/guideline/naloxone>
4. Kerr, D et al. Randomized controlled trial comparing the effectiveness and safety of intranasal and intramuscular naloxone for the treatment of suspected heroin overdose. Addiction. 104, 2067-2074, 2009.
5. McAuley, A. et al. Exploring the life-saving potential of naloxone: A systematic review and descriptive meta-analysis of take home naloxone (THN) programmes for opioid users. International Journal of Drug Policy 26 (2015) 1183-1188.
6. Hong K Kim MD MPH & Lewis S Nelson MD (2015) Reducing the harm of opioid overdose with the safe use of naloxone: a pharmacologic review, Expert Opinion on Drug Safety, 14:7, 1137-1146. <http://dx.doi.org/10.1517/14740338.2015.1037274>
7. Robertson, T et al. Intranasal Naloxone is a Viable Alternative to Intravenous Naloxone for Prehospital Narcotic Overdose. Prehospital Emergency Care 2009;13:512-515
8. Wagner, K. D., et al. "I felt like a superhero": The experience of responding to drug overdose among individuals trained in overdose prevention. International Journal of Drug Policy (2013), <http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.drugpo.2013.07.003>
9. Interagency Guideline of Prescribing Opioids for Pain. Washington State Agency Medical Directors Group (AMDG). 3rd Edition, June 2015. www.agencymeddirectors.wa.gov